



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 3.0 Revision Date 09/04/2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Lead(II) titanate

Brand : SAM

CAS-No. : 12060-00-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Stanford Advanced

Company : Materials

23661 Birtcher Dr. Lake Forest, CA 92630

USA

Telephone : +1 (949) 407-8904Fax : +1 (949) 812-6690

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1 (949) 407-8904

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332

Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350

Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A), H360

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), H373

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 + P330	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P304 + P340 + P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391	Collect spillage.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1Substances

Formula : O3PbTi
Molecular weight : 303.07 g/mol
CAS-No. : 12060-00-3
EC-No. : 235-038-9
Index-No. : 082-001-00-6

Hazardous components

Component	Classification	Concentration
Lead titanium trioxide		
	Acute Tox. 4; Carc. 1B; Repr. 1A; STOT RE 2; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H302 + H332, H350, H360, H373, H410	90 - 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Keep in a dry place.

Storage class (TRGS 510): 6.1D: Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL

PROTECTION 8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Tompononia with workplace control parameters				
Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis
			parameters	
Lead titanium	12060-00-3	TWA	0.050000	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
trioxide			mg/m3	(TLV)
	Remarks	Central Nervous System impairment		
		Hematologic effects		
		Peripheral Nervous System impairment		

	Substances (see BEI® se		a Biological Exposure Index or Indices
	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans varies		
	TWA	0.050000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
	See Append		TEXPOORICE ENTITIO
+	PEL	0.050000	OSHA Specifically Regulated
		mg/m3	Chemicals/Carcinogens
	1910.1025		
	If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any work day, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average (TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following formula: Maximum permissible limit (in µg/m3)=400÷hours worked in the day This section applies to all occupational exposure to lead, except as provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928.		
	OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen		
	PEL	0.050000 mg/m3	OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens
	1910.1025 If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any work day, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average (TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following formula: Maximum permissible limit (in μg/m3)=400÷hours worked in the day		
	provided in p	aragraph (a)(2). It	pational exposure to lead, except as does not apply to the construction
	industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928. OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen		
	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		ous System impai	rment
	Hematologic		
		ervous System im	
	1		a Biological Exposure Index or Indices
	(see BEI® se		20
	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans varies		
	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Specifically Regulated
	1.2.2		Chemicals/Carcinogens
	1910.1025		and for many them O become in a second
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	in the day		
			pational exposure to lead, except as does not apply to the construction
			ations covered by 29 CFR part 1928.
		fically regulated ca	
	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
	See Append	ix C	•
	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants
			(Title 8, Article 107)
	see Section 5198		

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

boiling range

explosive limits

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Appearance	Form: powaer
		Colour: beige

b) Odourc) Odour Thresholdd) pHNo data availableNo data available

e) Melting point/freezing Melting point/freezing point: ca.1,756 °C (3,193 °F) - OECD Test Guideline point 102

f) Initial boiling point and No data available

g) Flash point Not applicable
h) Evaporation rate No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

j) Upper/lower No data available flammability or

k) Vapour pressure No data availablel) Vapour density No data available

m) Relative density 7.52 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)

n) Water solubility 0.00008 g/l at 25 °C (77 °F) - insoluble

o) Partition coefficient: n- No data available octanol/water

p) Auto-ignition No data available temperature

q) Decomposition No data available

temperature

r) Viscosity No data available
 s) Explosive properties No data available
 t) Oxidizing properties No data available

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Titanium/titanium oxides, Lead oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 12,000 mg/kg

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead titanium trioxide)

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead titanium trioxide)

NTP: RAHC - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogenThe reference note has been

added by TD based on the background information of the NTP. (Lead titanium trioxide)

NTP: RAHC - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogenThe reference note has been

added by TD based on the background information of the NTP. (Lead titanium trioxide)

OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (Lead titanium trioxide)

OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (Lead titanium trioxide)

Reproductive toxicity

Presumed human reproductive toxicant

Known human reproductive toxicant

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: Not available

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG

UN number: 3077 Class: 9 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-F

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Lead titanium trioxide)

Marine pollutant:yes

IATA

UN number: 3077 Class: 9 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Lead titanium trioxide)

Further information

EHS-Mark required (ADR 2.2.9.1.10, IMDG code 2.10.3) for single packagings and combination packagings containing inner packagings with Dangerous Goods > 5L for liquids or > 5kg for solids.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 1993-04-24
Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 1993-04-24
Pennsylvania Right To Know Components Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 1993-04-24
Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 1993-04-24
Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 1993-04-24
New Jersey Right To Know Components	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Lead titanium trioxide	12060-00-3	1993-04-24
Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 1993-04-24
California Prop. 65 Components WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 2007-09-28
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Lead titanium trioxide	CAS-No. 12060-00-3	Revision Date 2007-09-28

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity

Carc. Carcinogenicity
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2
Chronic Health Hazard: *
Flammability: 0
Physical Hazard 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 2
Fire Hazard: 0
Reactivity Hazard: 0

Further information

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